



Possible regulatory incentives for increasing RES-E penetration and energy eficiency in the Canary Islands

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Items

- 1. Main characteristics of the Spanish isolated systems
- 2. Installed capacity and production
- 3. Principles of island and off-peninsular regulation
- 4. Proposals for RES-E penetration and energy efficiency



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1. Characteristics of the Spanish isolated systems





1. Characteristics of the Spanish isolated systems



Yearly increase of demand greater than in the Iberian Peninsula, unless 2010

Investment cycles very short

Capacity of power plants lower than Iberian Peninsula (safety reasons)

Less scale economies

Less availability of primary energy sources

Generation based on petrol products

Evolution of power generation (GWII), 2010									
Year	lberian Peninsula	Anual variation	Insular and off- peninsular territories	Anual variation					
1998	173.155	6,60%	9.254	7,60%					
1999	184.459	6,5%	10.077	8,9%					
2000	195.166	5,8%	10.794	7,1%					
2001	205.849	5,5%	11.581	7,3%					
2002	211.563	2,8%	11.969	3,4%					
2003	225.843	6,7%	13.121	9,6%					
2004	236.280	4,6%	13.818	5,3%					
2005	247.295	4,7%	14.505	5,0%					
2006	254.902	3,1%	15.018	3,5%					
2007	262.406	2,9%	15.596	3,9%					
2008	265.173	1,1%	15.843	1,6%					
2009	252.608	-4,7%	15.516	-2,1%					
2010	259.880	2,9%	15.161	-2,3%					
Source:	Source: CNE, Informe Marco 2011								

Evolution of nower generation (GWh) 2010





1.- Characteristics of the Spanish isolated systems

Limited interconnections: Peninsula – Mallorca, Mallorca – Menorca, Ibiza – Formentera, Lanzarote - Fuerteventura

More reserve capacity is needed

More environmental requirements (less surface + tourism)

Environmental impact assessment is critical

Main equipments made on the peninsula

Transportation of materials, fuel and expert people implying additional costs

Monopoly in ordinary regime generation and small electricity systems

No wholesale market





1.- Characteristics of the Spanish isolated systems

RESULTS in comparison with Iberian Peninsula:

Generation: CAPEX and OPEX higher

More difficulties to guarantee security of supply



2. Installed Capacity, Production & Demand 2011

Potencia instalada a 31 de diciembre

	Islas B	aleares	Islas (Canarias	Ceu	ta	Mel	illa
	MW %	11/10	MW 2	6 11/10	MW %	11/10	MW %	11/10
Hidráulica	-	-	1	0,0	-	-	-	-
Carbón	510	0,0		-		-		
Fuel / gas	802	-2,0	1.900	2,1	99	0,0	85	0,0
Motores de combustión interna(1)	199	-7,7	546	0,0	83	0,0	70	0,0
Turbina de gas	603	0,0	641	6,3	16	0,0	15	0,0
Turbina de vapor	-	-	713	0,0	-	-	-	-
Ciclo combinado	934	0,0	920	-1,0	-	-		-
Generación auxiliar(2)	0	-	0	7.4		+	41	-
Régimen ordinario	2.246	-0,7	2.821	1,0	99	0,0	85	0,0
Hidráulica	-	-	0,5	0,0		-	-	
Eólica	. 4	-0,4	144	0,0	-	-		00.5
Solar fotovoltaica	65	16,8	130	4,0		-	0,1	0,0
Térmica renovable	77	2,8	1	-96,8		-	2	0,0
Térmica no renovable	11	49,9	33	0,0	-	-		-
Régimen especial	157	10,7	310	-9,7		-	2	0,0
Total	2.403	-0,1	3.130	-0,1	99	0,0	87	0,0

Balance eléctrico anual

	ts las	Baleares	Islas (Canarias	Ce	uta	Me	filla
	GWh 5	\$ 11/10	GWh ?	6 11/10	GWh 5	11/10	CWh %	11/10
Hidráulica	-	-	0		-	+	-	-
Carbón	3.002	-11,2	-	7.4		-	-	-
Fuel / gas	1.315	-3,6	5.722	-3,0	223	-6,3	222	1,4
Motores de combustión interna(1)	958	-9,6	2.303	-0,1	223	-5,2	221	1,4
Turbina de gas	358	17,3	542	53,3	0,3	-89,7	1	-3,4
Turbina de vapor	-	-	2.876	-11,3	-	-		-
Ciclo combinado	1.400	17,0	3.055	9,3	.0	-	0	
Generación auxiliar(2)	9	30,6	0	-		-	-	-
Régimen ordinario	5.726	-3,7	8.777	0,9	223	-6,3	222	1,4
Consumos en generación	-358	-5,0	-466	-4,4	-19	-10,3	-14	3,6
Régimen especial	410	52,3	674	-1,7		+	7	-16,2
Hidráulica	1117	-	1	10 Sept. 4	-	_	-	
Eólica	. 5	-10,6	394	19,3		-		-
Solar fotovoltaica	97	9,1	246	26,0	- 1	-	0	1001.5
Térmica renovable	288	74,0	9	-94,3		-	7	-15,7
Térmica no renovable	19	125,4	25	-	-	-	11.4	-
Demanda (b.c.)	5.777	-1,1	8.986	1,0	205	-5,9	214	0,5

Evolución de la demanda

	Islas	Islas Baleares		Islas Canarias		Ceuta		Aelilla
	GWh :	A Anual (%)	GWh	A Anual (%)	CW h	Anual (%)	CWh	AAnual (%)
2007	5.977	2,6	9.214	4,5	203	0,5	193	13,5
2008	6.122	2,4	9.357	1,6	21.0	3,5	205	6,2
2009	5.991	-2,1	9.103	-2,7	212	0,9	206	0,7
2010	5.840	-2,5	8.894	-2,3	218	2,8	21.3	3,4
2011	5.777	-1,1	8.986	1,0	205	-5,9	214	0,5



3. Principles of island and off-peninsular regulation



► Electricity prices and access tariff

- The same throughout national territory (islands and mainland)
- Must be paid by all Spanish consumers
- It does not cover the energy generation costs on the islands and off-peninsular territories
- Access tariff is paid by producers and consumers
- ► No wholesale, but retail market



3. Principles of island and off-peninsular regulation Regulation of I. Generation



- Free installation
- Standard costs (SC) with 2 components:
 - 1. Fixed costs (investment + fixed O&M costs)
 - 2. Hourly variable costs (fuel cost + var. O&M costs + run and stop costs + reserve costs)
- I. Generation costs are covered by:
 - Market price in the Iberian Peninsula
 - 2. <u>Extra payment based on access tariffs and National Budget (due to increasing tariff deficit)</u>



3. Principles of island and off-peninsular regulation Settlement



System Operator:

Market Price settlement = E * MP

CNE:

Extra settlement = E * (SC - MP)

- provisional
- **▶** final

3. Principles of island and off-peninsular regulation

Evolución extracoste SEIE

CNE

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Compensación	[millones Eur]				
Referencia a notas:	(3, 7)	(3, 6)	(3, 5)	(3, 4)	(1, 2)
Total general (IB+IC+CM)	1.082	1.338	1.625	1.324	1.641
IB - Baleares	284	405	487	424	503
IC - Canarias	743	874	1.048	824	1.043
CM - Ceuta & Melilla	55	58	91	77	94

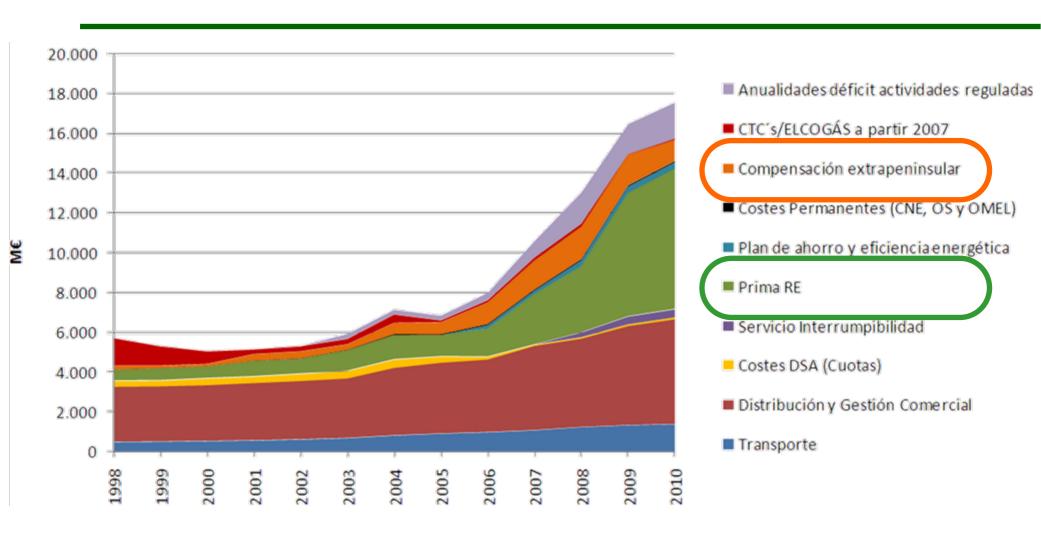
Coste unitario	[Eur / MWh]							
Costes unitarios reconocidos a la generación en régimen ordinario								
Total general (media ponderada)	139,59	137,99	176,75	138,07	166,13			
IB - Baleares	115,20	116,52	153,11	119,99	141,45			
Compensación unitaria	49,75	69,12	81,66	73,04	89,91			
Coste unitario PMP (peninsular)	65.45	47 40	71.45	46.96	51.54			
IC - Canarias	153,52	149,29	188,35	145,87	177,54			
Compensación unitaria	89,56	102,04	119,57	98,95	126,65			
Coste unitario PMP (peninsular)	63,97	47,25	68,79	46,92	50,90			
CM - Ceuta & Melilla	204,27	213,42	273,99	235,41	270,13			
Compensación unitaria	151,34	150,33	224,43	187,43	222,51			
Coste unitario PMP (peninsular)	52,94	63,08	49,56	47,98	47,62			

Producción	[GWh / año]				
Total general (IB+IC+CM)	14.369	14.822	15.129	14.534	14.256
IB - Baleares	5.705	5.866	5.964	5.799	5.593
IC - Canarias	8.300	8.569	8.761	8.324	8.239
CM - Ceuta & Melilla	364	386	404	410	423

3. Principles of island and off-peninsular regulation



(National) System's costs evolution 1998-2010, [millions Eur]





3. Principles of island and off-peninsular regulation Regulation of II. Transmission & Distribution; III. Retailing



II. Transmission and Distribution

- System Operator guarantees continuity and security of electricity supply and proper coordination between generation and transmission including power dispatch based on hourly variable costs.
- Activities are paid due to general rules
- Third-party access to the networks

III. Retail market

- Small consumers (<): Last resource tariffs or free retailer
- Rest of consumers (>): free retailer
- Payment of consumers:
 - → Hourly energy + losses → spot-market price in Iberian Peninsula
 - Access tariff: general access tariff nationwide





4. Short term proposals

- There is a **potential for reducing the system's operational costs**. But some regulatory shortcomings as lack of:
 - -economical audits rules, with neutral criteria
 - -installation testing rules
- ➤ New operational procedure for mix of fuel
 - -to recognize the cost of all fuels
- ➤ Development of **Royal Decree 6/2009**: Extra settlement was included in the General Budget: 17% (2009); 34% (2010); 51% (2011); ¿75% (2012)?; 100% from 2013 onwards
- ➤ New renewable capacity will be installed to use the natural resources of isolated power systems. But, to develop RDL 1/2012 and to increase the storage capacity, are needed
- > Energy efficiency in demand: smart meters roll-out & hourly price modulation linked to each (SEIE) system demand





Thank you for your attention!

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